

DIN power female connector







Design	IEC 60603-2 types: D, I	E female
No. of contacts	max. 48	
Contact spacing	5,08 mm	
Test voltage	1550V	
Contact resistance	<u><</u> 20 mOhm	
Insulation resistance	≥ 10 ¹² Ohm	
Working current	6 A@20℃ (see derating diagram)	
Temperature range	-55℃ +125℃	
Termination technology	crimp	
Clearance	min. 3,0 mm	
Creepage	min. 3,0 mm	
Insertion and withdrawal force	32pol. ≤ 50N	
insertion and withdrawar force	48pol. ≤ 75N	
	- PL1 acc. to IEC 60 603-2 =>	500 mating cycles
Mating cycles	- PL2 acc. to IEC 60 603-2 =>	400 mating cycles
	- PL3 acc. to IEC 60 603-2 =>	50 mating cycles
UL file	E102079	-
RoHS - compliant	Yes	
Leadfree	Yes	
Hot plugging	No	

Insulator material			
Material	PC (thermoplastics, glass fiber reinforcement 30%)		
Color	RAL 7032 (grey)		
UL classification	UL 94-V0	•	
Material group acc. IEC 60664-1	IIIa (175 <u><</u> CTI < 400)		
NFF classification	12, F1		

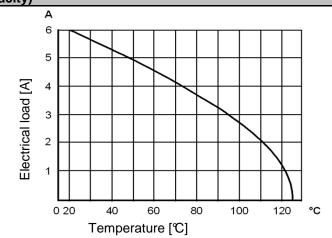
Contact material			
Contact material	Copper alloy		
Plating termination zone	Ni		
Plating contact zone	Au over PdNi over Ni		

Derating diagram acc. to IEC 60512-5 (Current carrying capacity)

The current carrying capacity is limited by maximum temperature of materials for inserts and contacts including

The current capacity curve is valid for continuous, non interrupted current loaded contacts of connectors when simultaneous power on all contacts is given, without exceeding the maximum temperature.

Control and test procedures according to DIN IEC 60512-5



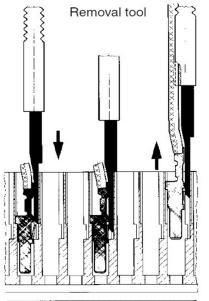
Installation of crimp contacts

Fitting the crimp contacts

After crimping the wires onto the contacts with the help of a crimping tool or an automatic crimping machine the contacts should be correctly oriented and inserted into the cavities of the connector moulding in the required configuration. They snap into position and are firmly held in place. A light pull on the wire assures the correct tensile strength of the contact. When using stranded wires with a gauge below 0.37 mm² an insertion tool is necessary.

Removing the crimp contacts

The removal tool is inserted into a slot on the side of the respective crimp cavity. This action compresses the contact retaining spring therefore the contact can then be easily withdrawn using a light pull on the wire. This action will cause no damage to the contact/wire which can be repositioned/refitted as necessary. The drawing demonstrates the crimp removal procedure





Mod.	Date	Name	HARTING Electronics GmbH		mbH	
EC01557			Stand.			•
			Inspec.	28/04/11	TD	
			Detail.	28/04/11	mte	Н
				Date	Name	

	Technical data sheet	
HARTING	DIN power female connector	
	DS 09 04 210 08 01	
H & Co. KG	D3 03 04 2 10 00 0 1	